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Victorian Women's Health Atlas

Municipal Association of Victoria
GE and PVAW Network Meeting

7 June 2023



www.victorianwomenshealthatlas.net.au



Explore health and gender inequalities across Victoria

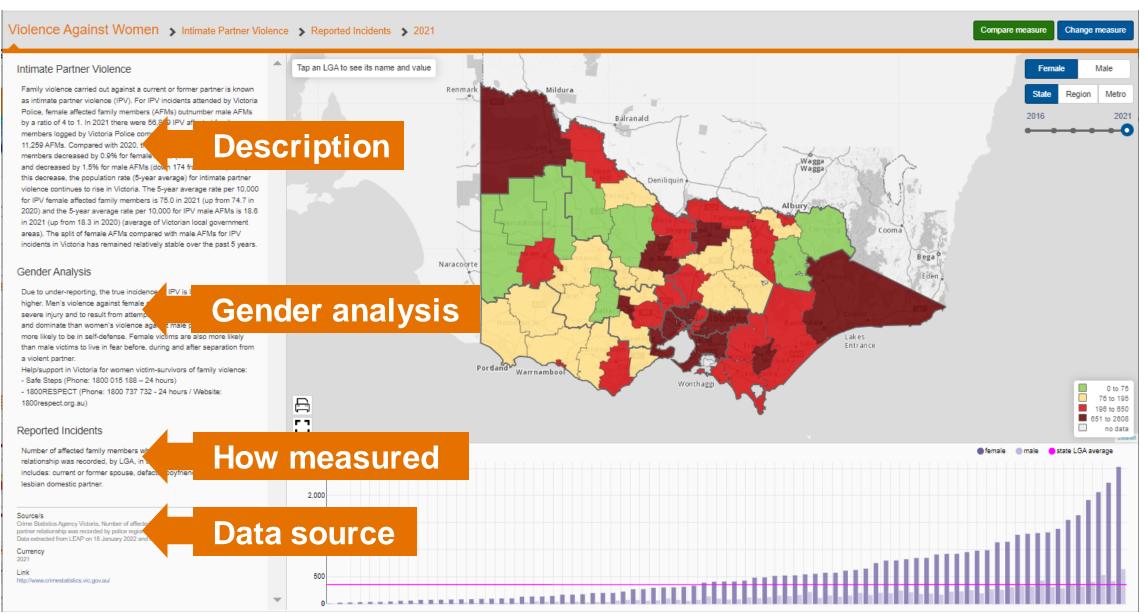
- Almost 70 indicators on a single easy-to-use platform
- Statewide, region and LGA level mapping
- Compare data for females and males
- Track trends over time
- Output maps and LGA fact sheets

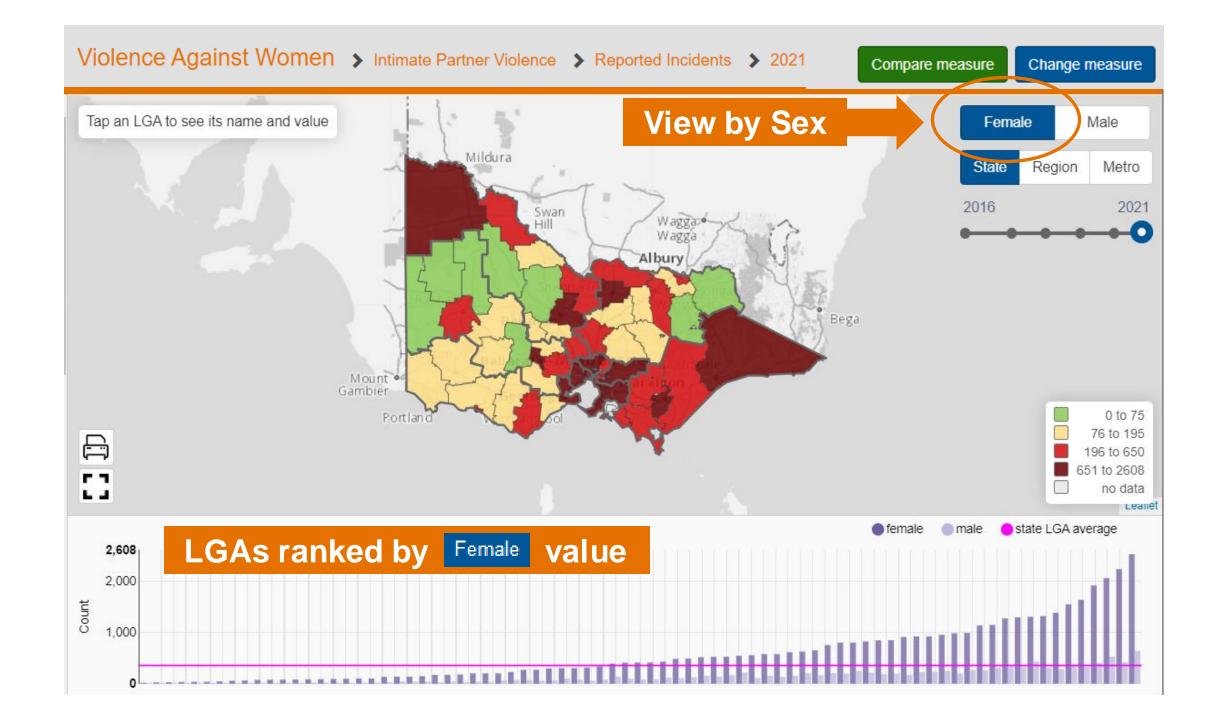
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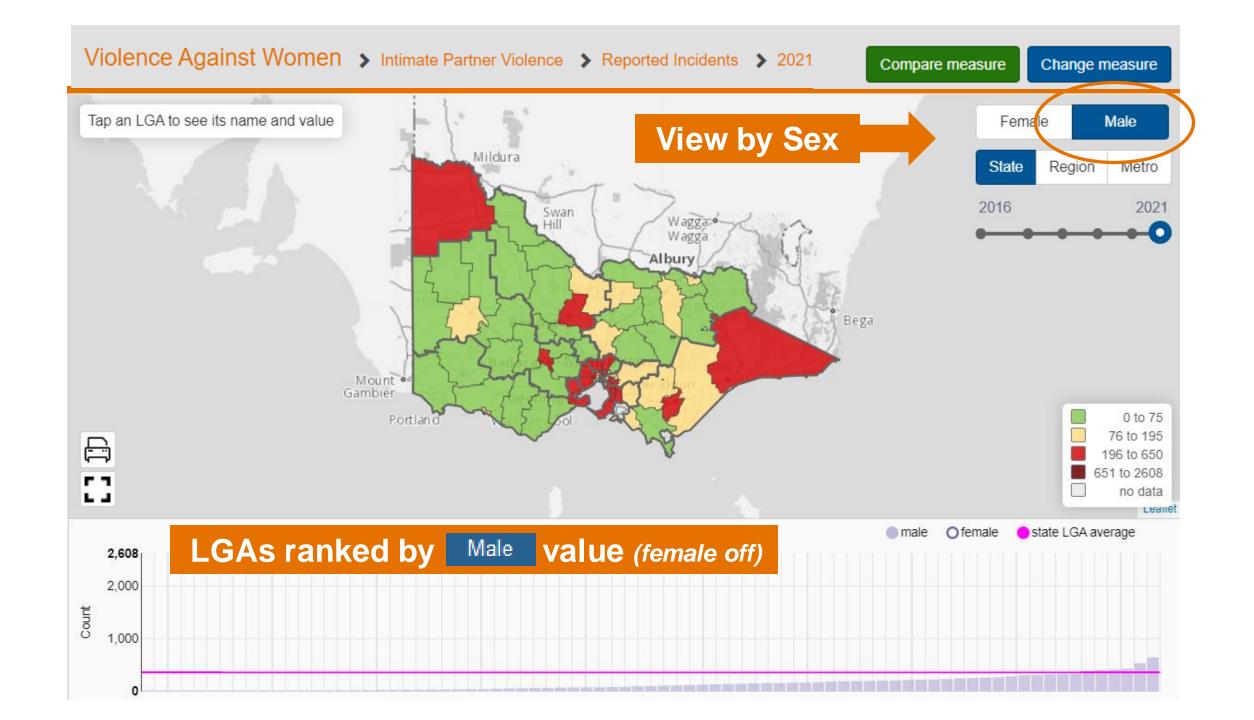


Main data supplier Select an Indicator to view the Atlas **Crime Statistics Agency** Perceptions Of Safety Sexual Offences Sexual Offences Relationship To Victim Stalking, Harassment And Threatening Behaviours Family Violence **Select indicator** Intimate Partner Violence **Select measure** Rate (per 10,000) from dropdown Reported Incidents Family Violence, Child Present

Read the text – for important context









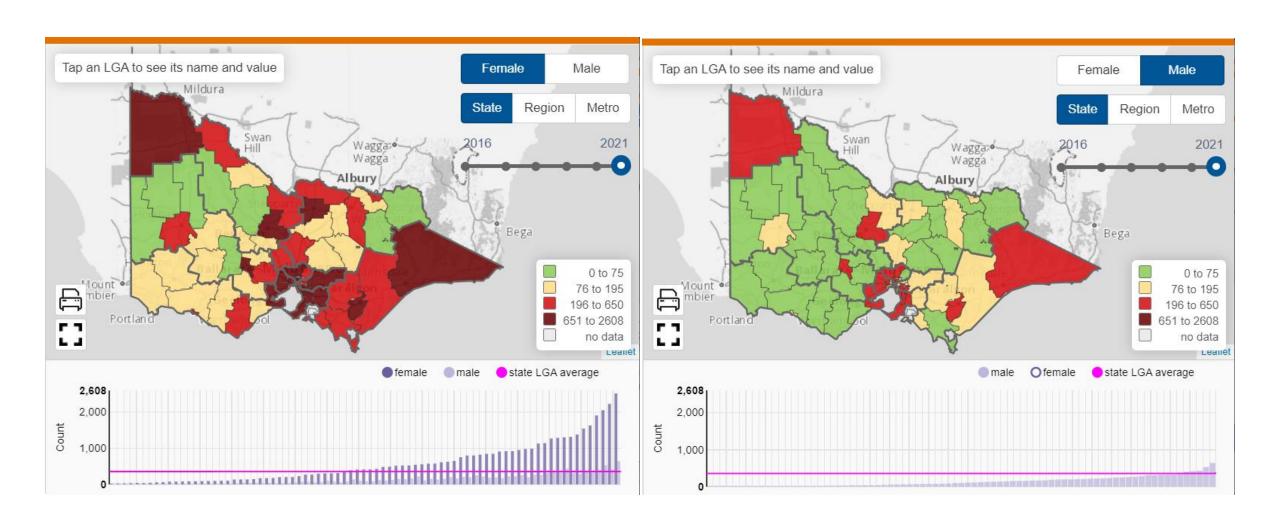
View any two measures side by side

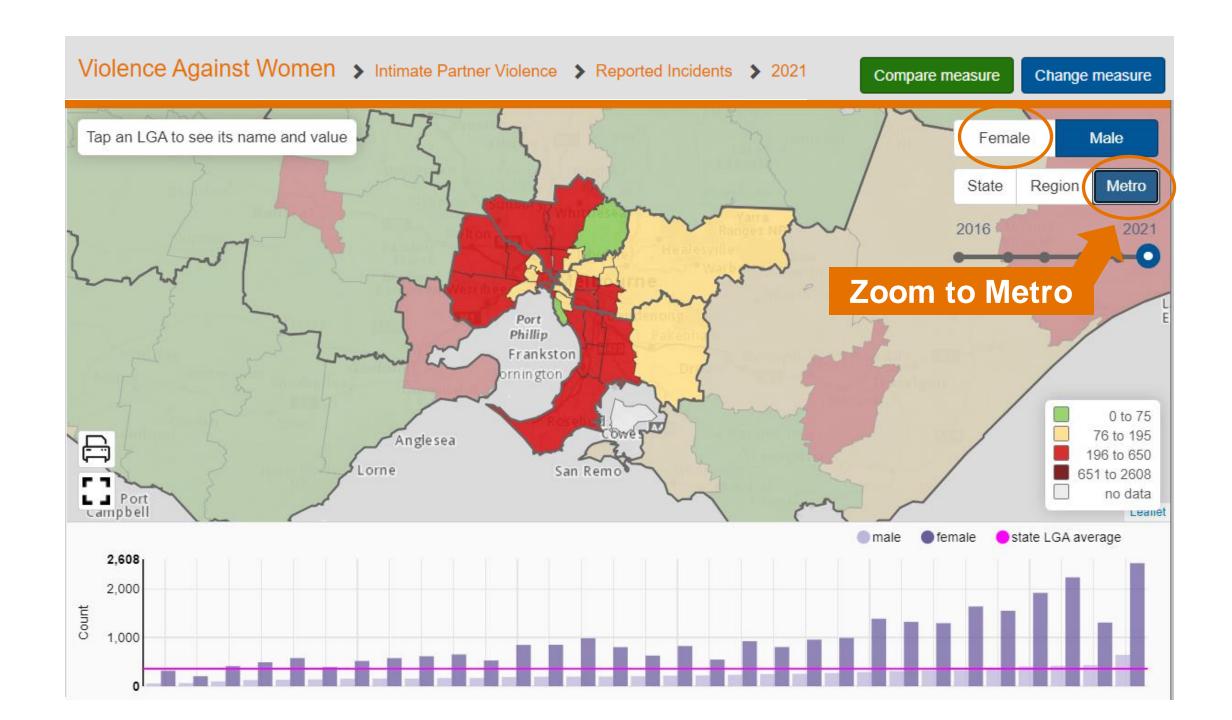


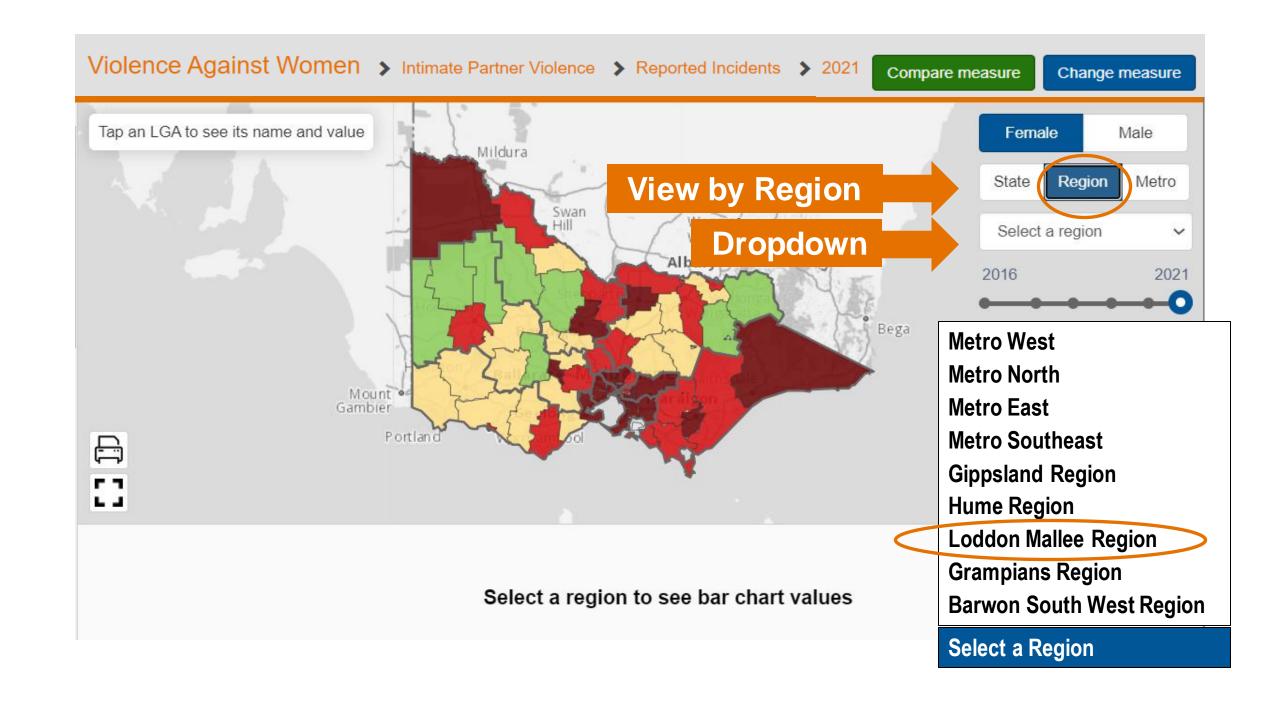


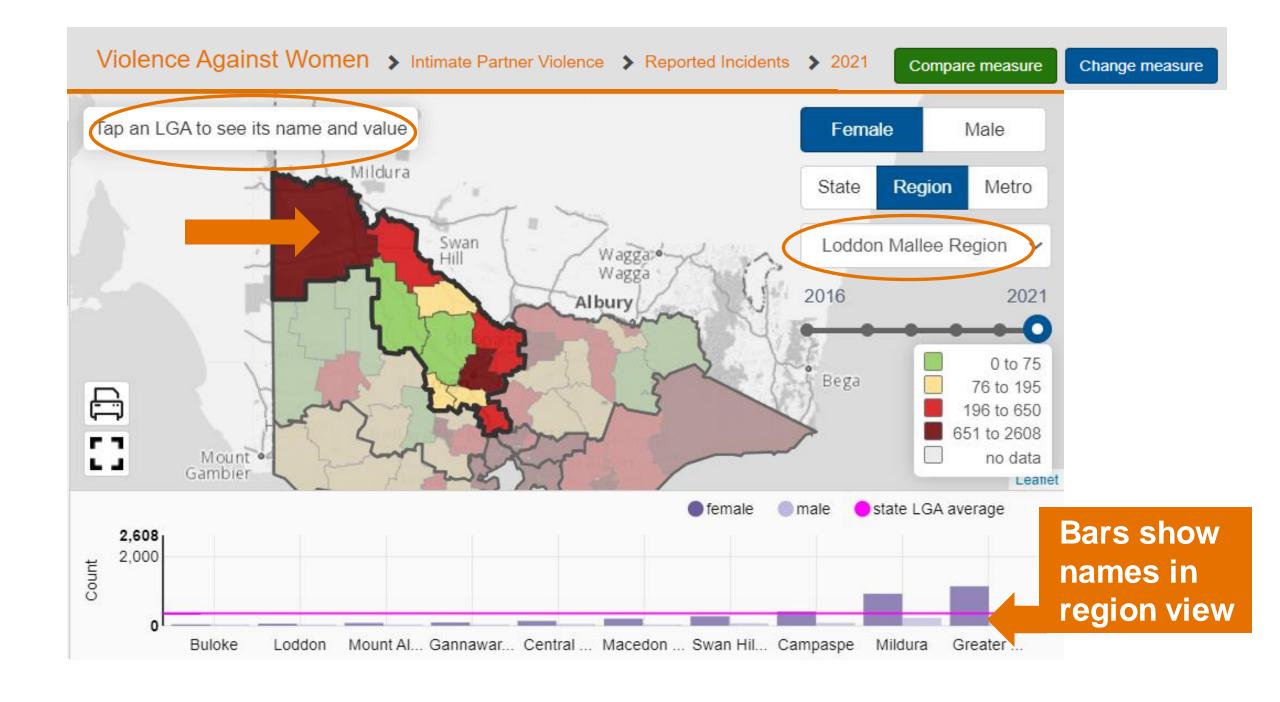
Compare Female and Male

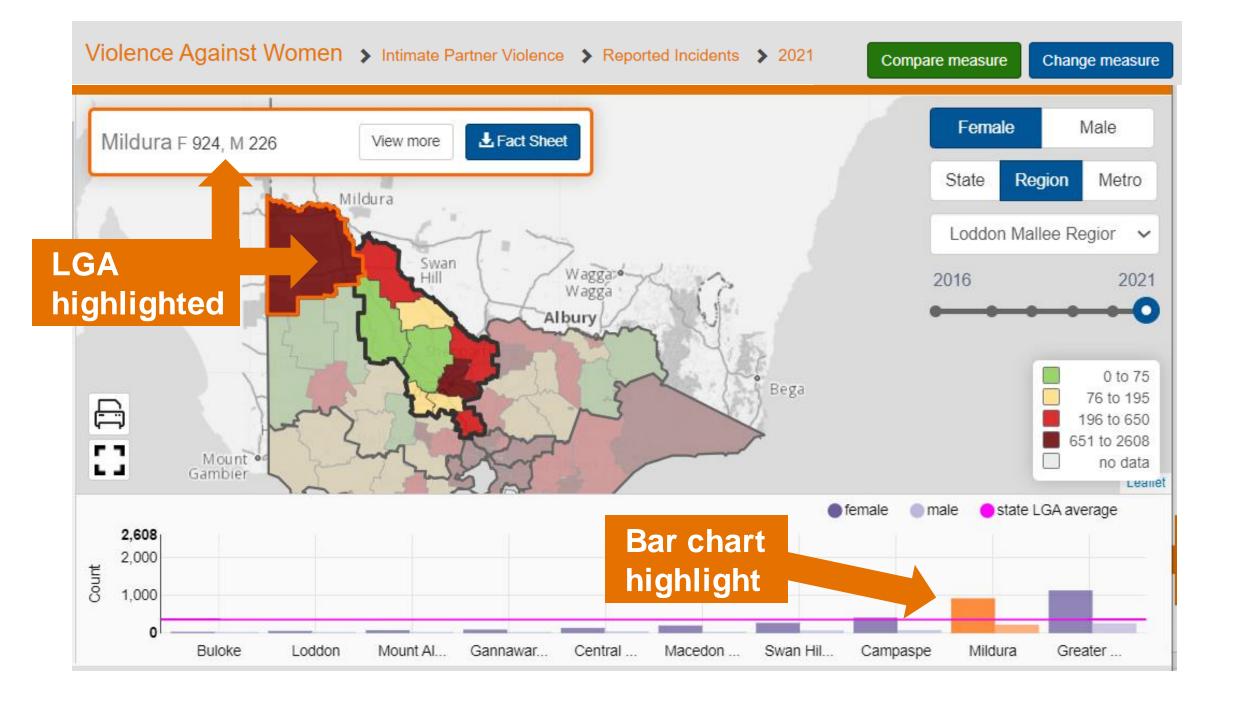
Intimate Partner Violence > Incidents > 2021

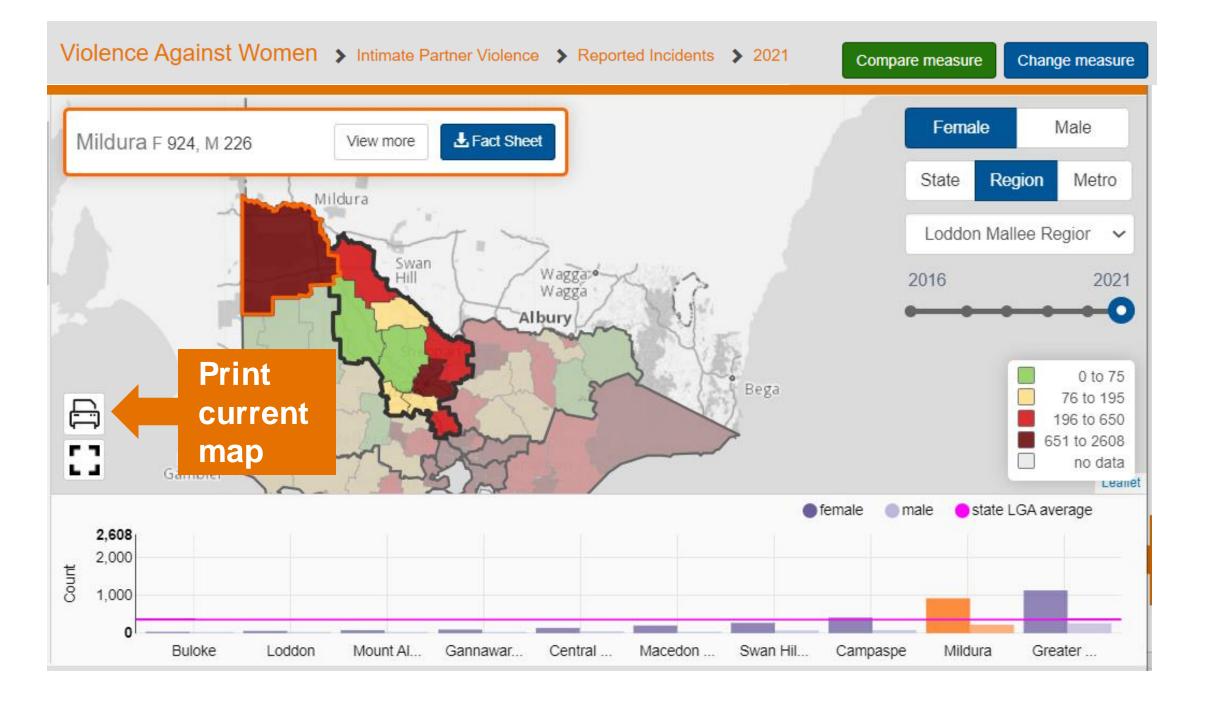








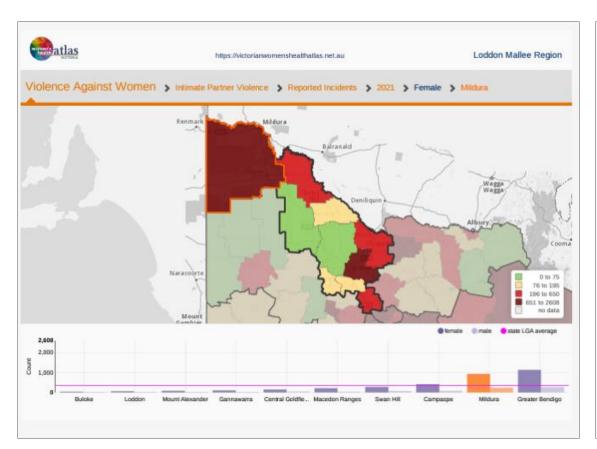








Map Output Download to PDF





https://victorianwomenshealthatlas.net.au

Intimate Partner Violence

Family violence carried out against a current or former partner is known as intimate partner violence (IPV). For IPV incidents attended by Victoria Police, female affected family members (AFMs) outnumber male AFMs by a ratio of 4 to 1. In 2021 there were 56,869 IPV affected family members logged by Victoria Police comprising 45,555 female AFMs and 11,259 AFMs. Compared with 2020, the number of IPV affected family members decreased by 0.9% for female AFMs (down 409 from 45,964) and decreased by 1.5% for male AFMs (down 174 from 11,433). Despite this decrease, the population rate (5-year average) for intimate partner violence continues to rise in Victoria. The 5-year average are per 10,000 for IPV male AFMs is 18.6 in 2021 (up from 18.3 in 2020) (average of Victorian local government areas). The split of female AFMs compared with male AFMs for IPV incidents in Victoria has remained relatively stable over the past 5 years.

Gender Analysis

Due to under-reporting, the true incidence of IPV is likely to be much higher. Men's violence against female partners is more likely to inflict severe injury and to result from attempts to control, coerce, intimidate and dominate than women's violence against male partners which is more likely to be in self-defense. Female victims are also more likely than male victims to live in fear before, during and after separation from a violent artner. Help/support in Victoria for women victim-survivors of family violence: - Safe Steps (Phone: 1800 15 188 – 24 hours) - 1800RESPECT (Phone: 1800 737 732 - 24 hours / Website: 1800respect.org.gu)

Reported Incidents

Number of affected family members where an intimate partner relationship was recorded, by LGA, in the year 2021. Intimate partner includes: current or former spouse, defacto, boyfriend/girlfriend, gay or lesbian domestic partner.

Source/s

ne Stalinifics Agency Victoria, Number of affected family members where an infiniale partner relationship was recorded by police region, LGA and esc - January to December 2021. Data extracted from LGAP on 18 January 2022 and is subject to change

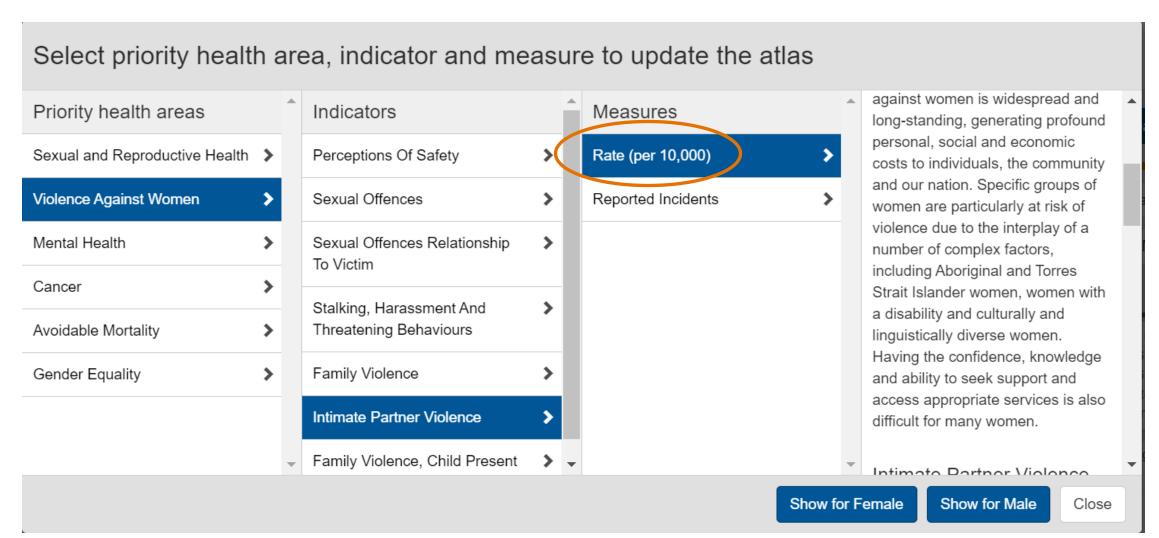
Currency 2021

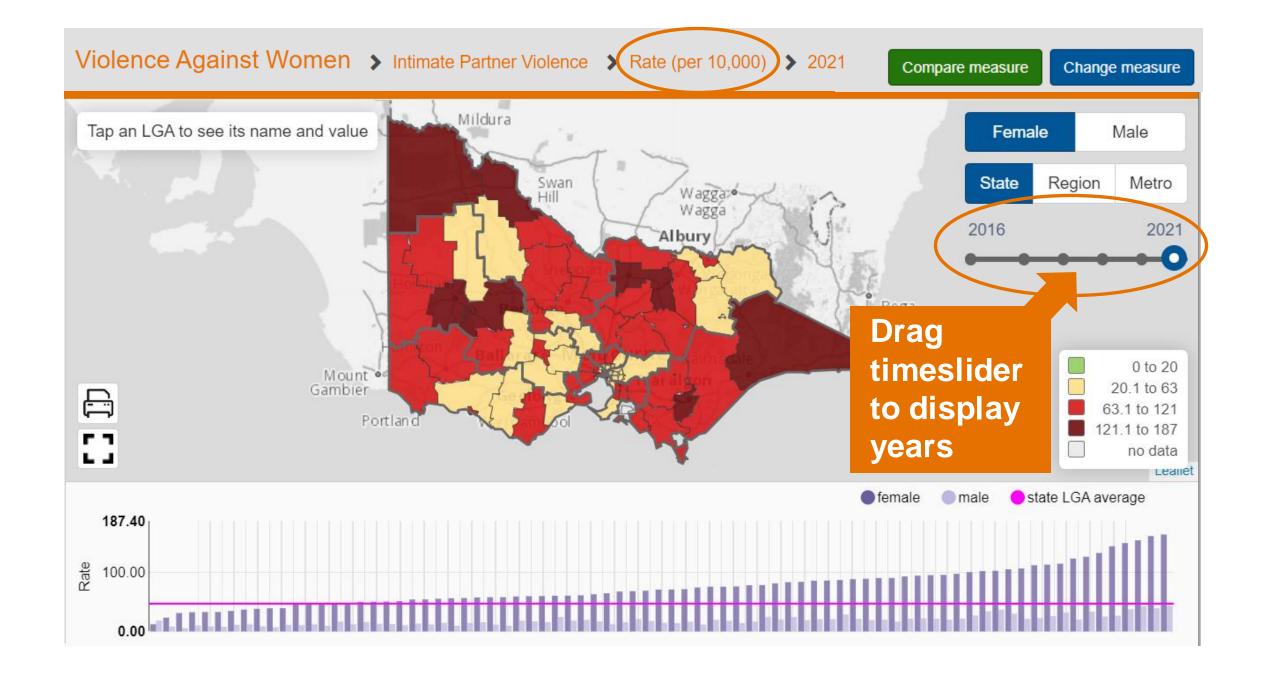
http://www.crimentalistics.vic.gov.au/

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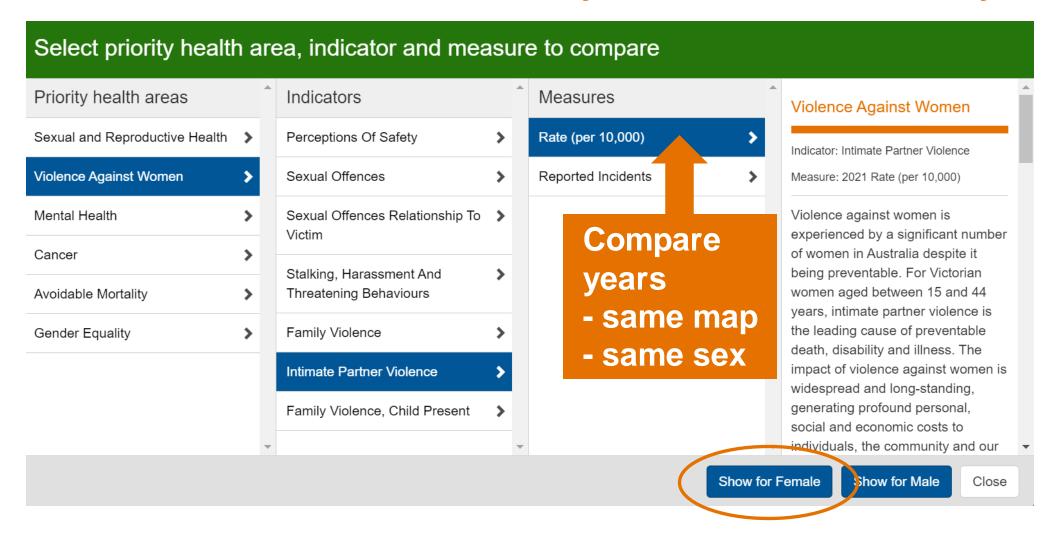
Choose a different indicator or measure







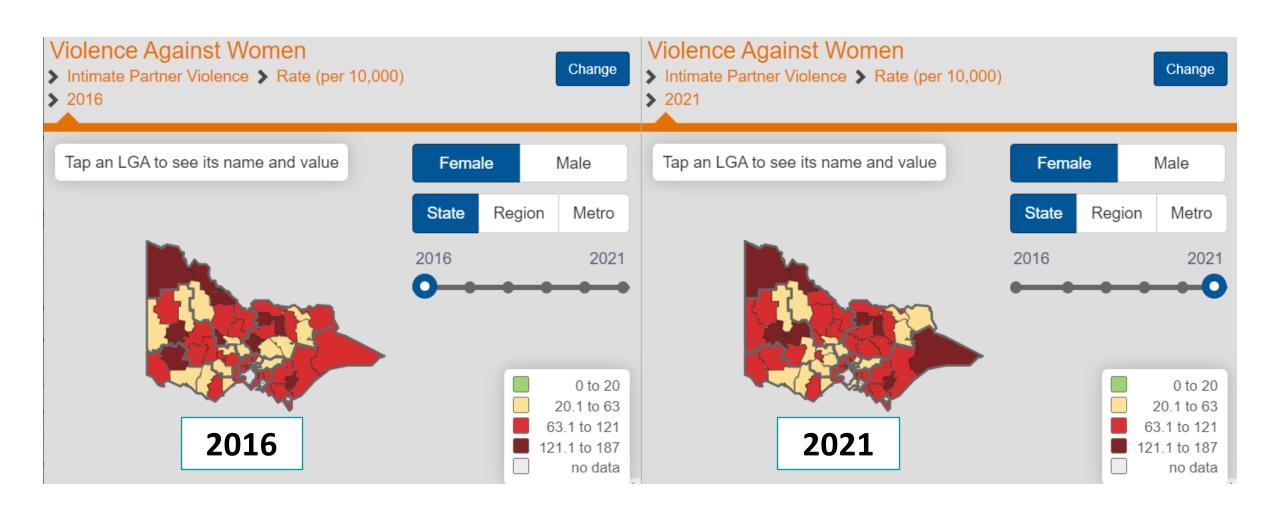
View any two measures side by side





Compare over time

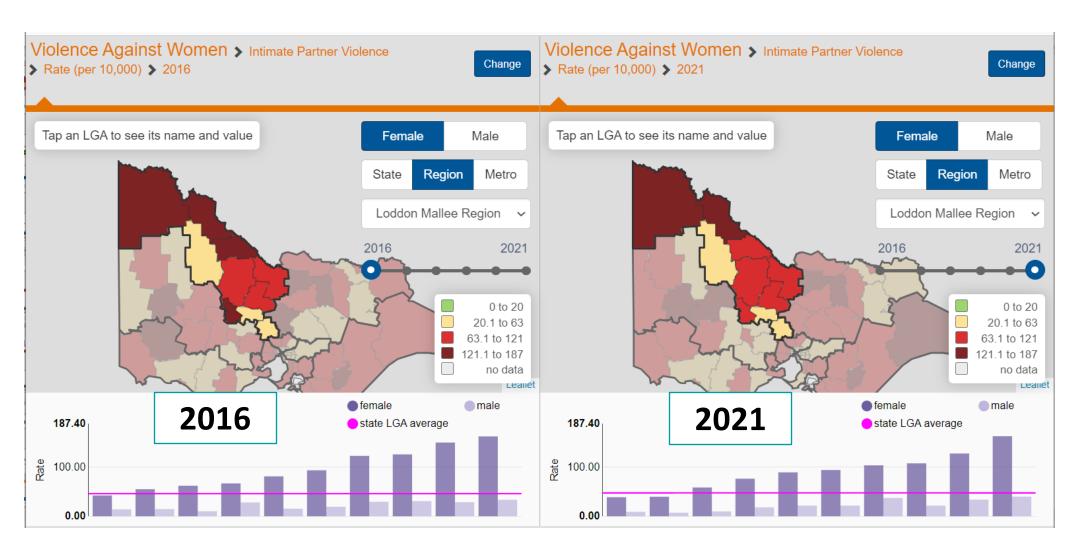
Intimate Partner Violence > Rate > Statewide





Region Trends

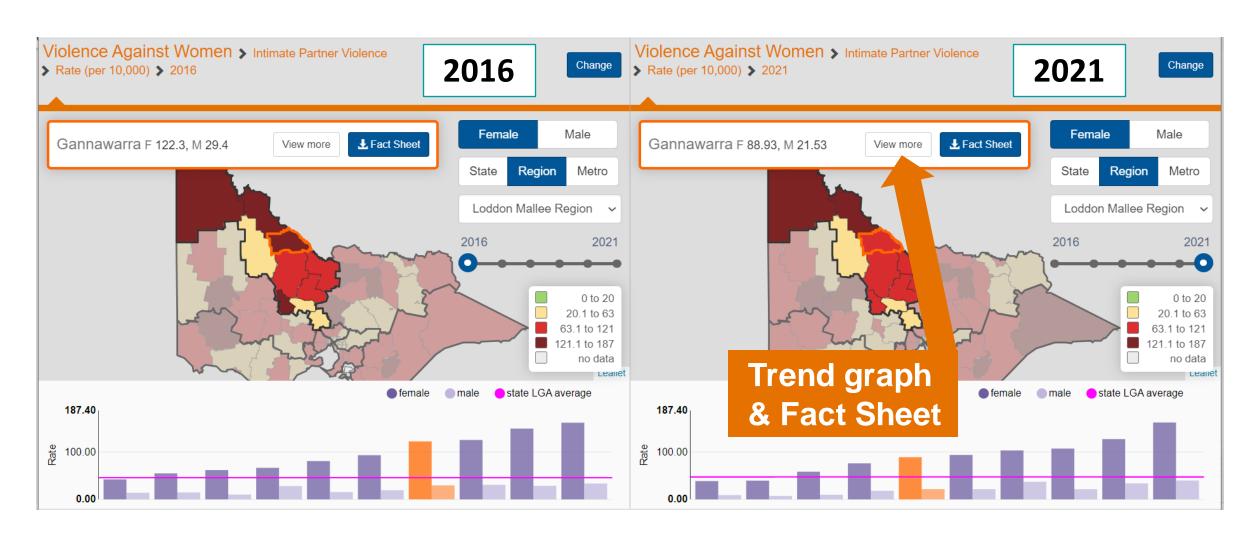
IPV > Rate > Loddon Mallee Region





LGA Trends

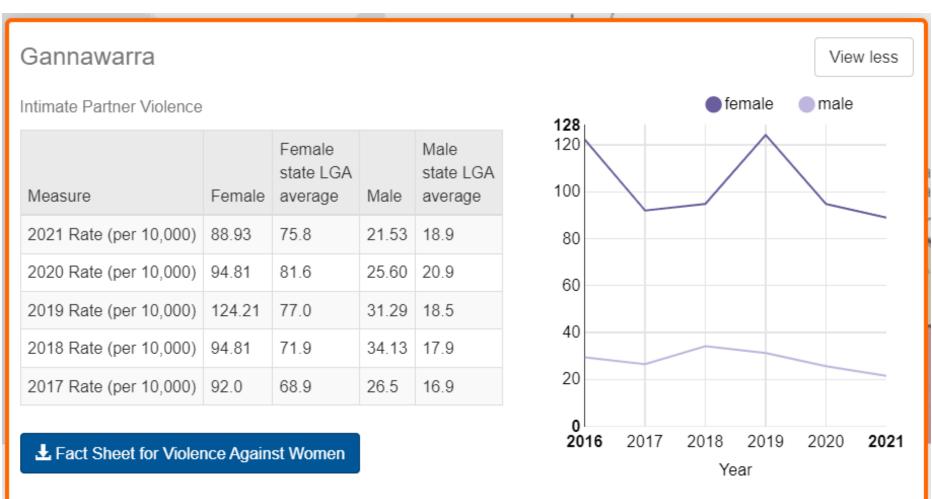
Intimate Partner Violence > Rate > Gannawarra





View more table / graph Gannawarra > IPV > Rate

Table is visible only in single map view





Gannawarra

Loddon Mallee Region

Women's Health Loddon Mallee

http://www.whlm.org.au/

Violence Against Women

Violence against women is experienced by a significant number of women in Australia despite it being preventable. For Victorian women aged between 15 and 44 years, intimate partner violence is the leading cause of preventable death, disability and illness. The impact of violence against women is widespread and long-standing, generating profound personal, social and economic costs to individuals, the community and our nation. Specific groups of women are particularly at risk of violence due to the interplay of a number of complex factors, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women, women with a disability and culturally and linguistically diverse women. Having the confidence, knowledge and ability to seek support and access appropriate services is also difficult for many women.



Indicators	Measures		
Perceptions Of Safety	% People who feel safe when walking alone at night		
Sexual Offences	Rate (per 10,000) Reported Incidents		
Sexual Offences Relationship To Victim	Aggregate 2 year % known to victim		
Stalking, Harassment And Threatening Behaviours	Rate (per 10,000) Reported Incidents		
Family Violence	Rate (per 10,000) Reported Incidents		
Intimate Partner Violence	Rate (per 10,000) Reported Incidents		
Family Violence, Child Present	Rate (per 10,000) Reported incidents		

VAW Factsheet Gannawarra – Contents

Covers every indicator within the section you are currently viewing – in this case VAW



Factsheet – Sample table

Benchmark LGA with Region and State

Time Period -	Gannawarra		Loddon Mallee Region Average		Victoria State LGA Average		
Time renou	Female N	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	All
2021	88.93	21.53	89.4	21.9	75.8	18.9	47.3
2020	94.81	25.60	94.8	23.9	81.6	20.9	51.3
2019	124.21	31.29	100.6	21.9	77.0	18.5	47.8
2018	94.81	34.13	92.5	22.4	71.9	17.9	44.9
2017	92.0	26.5	80.2	21.0	68.9	16.9	42.9

LGA

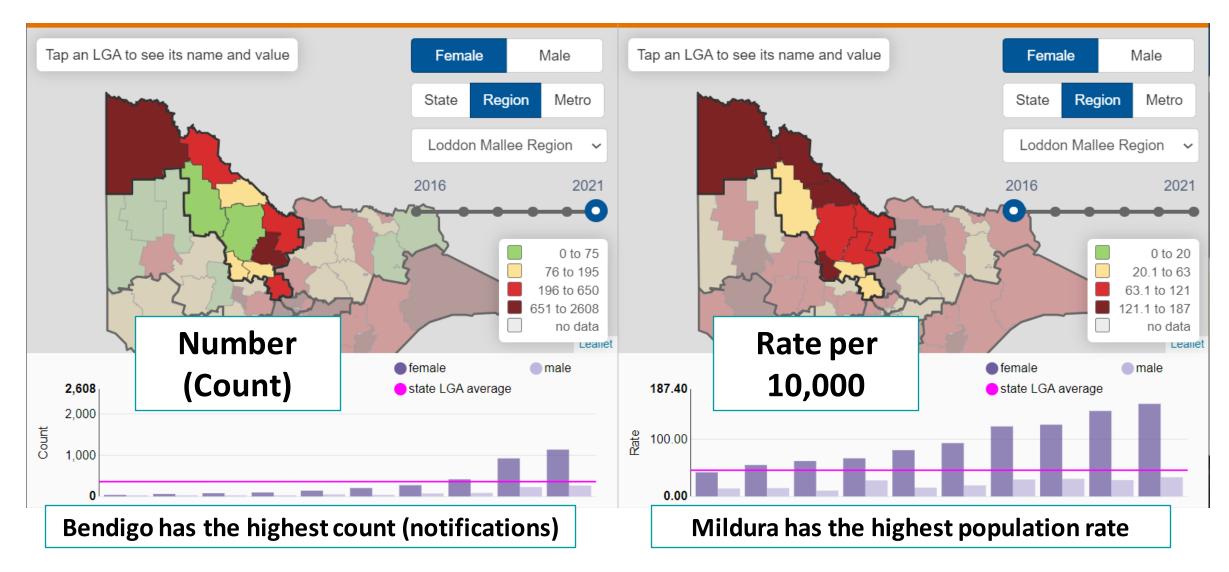
Region

State



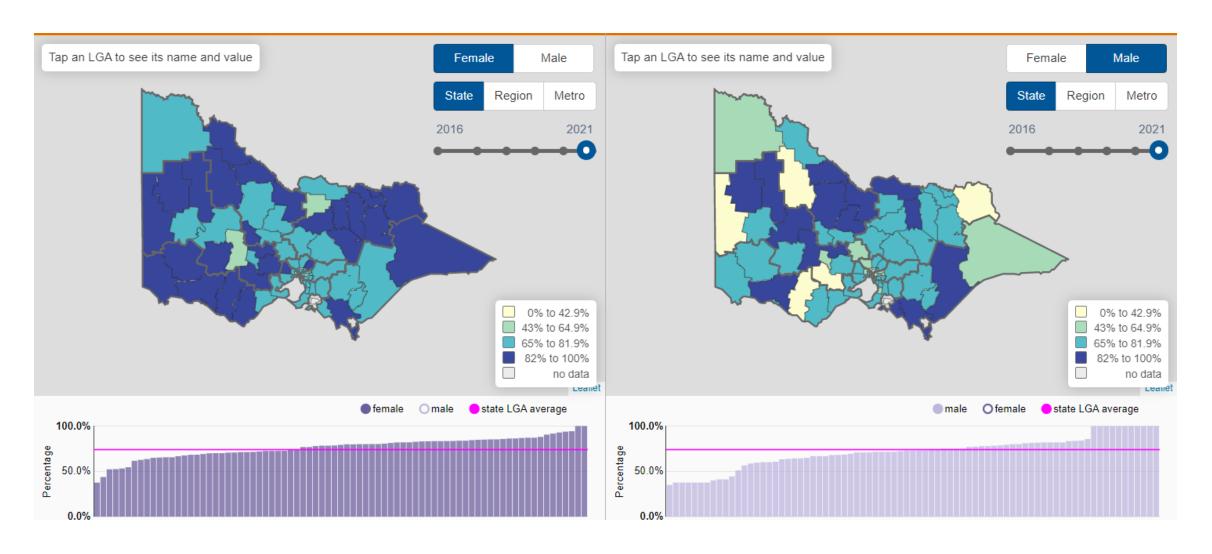
Compare Count with Rate

Intimate Partner Violence > Female AFMs



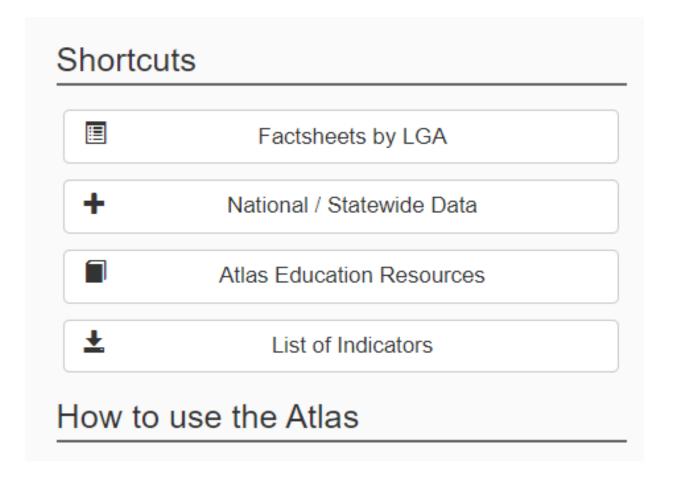


Compare Female and Male Sexual Offences – Relationship to Victim



Shortcuts







Homepage - Shortcuts

Factsheets by LGA







National and Statewide Data Series

Violence against women

These key Australian and Victorian datasets and reports may be useful where local government level data is not available in the Women's Health Atlas, or where broader context is needed.

Contents

Violence against women prevention

Reported incidence and experience

Workplace settings

COVID-19 pandemic

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women

LGBTIQ+ communities

Migrant and refugee women

Older women

Women with disabilities

Feedback and suggestions

National / Statewide Data

New series – 9 titles so far



www.victorianwomenshealthatlas.net.au Connect with us

Email – Jenny Ward

atlas@whv.org.au

Join the Atlas mailing list

https://whv.org.au/get-involved/join-us-become-member-or-friend

Pop-up user survey while using the Atlas site







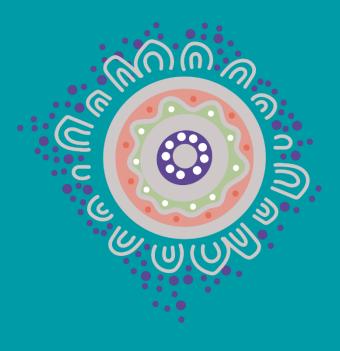












Thankyou